



FLOOR LOUDSPEAKER REVIEWS

Vienna Acoustics Beethoven Baby Grand Symphony Edition loudspeaker

By Thomas J. Norton • Posted: Dec 31, 2014



I was stationed in Germany in the Air Force for two years in the 1980s, and for one long weekend off had to decide whether to visit Berlin, or travel to Austria and see Vienna. I was told that Berlin, then still divided by the Wall, consisted of late-20th-century high-rises (West) and Concrete Collective Chic (East).

I went to Vienna. It was and is a beautiful city, with much of its late 19th- and early 20th-century character still intact. And while there will always be other claimants to the honor, it's arguably still the classical-music center of the planet. I managed to score standing room for a performance of Puccini's *Turandot* at the Vienna State Opera (as I recall, standing room at the time was the equivalent of about \$1 US). Act 1 was so rough that it evoked catcalls from the unforgiving Viennese audience, but after that, things settled in nicely.

Vienna is also the headquarters of Vienna Acoustics, says Capt. Obvious (though today you can't always be sure of such things). Peter Gansterer, who remains both its head and chief designer, founded the company in 1989. My first experience of listening to their loudspeakers was some 10 years ago, at a Consumer Electronics Show. When I walked into VA's room, the speakers I spotted very much resembled, at least physically, the company's current Concert Grand Series—the same slender cabinets populated by several drive-units, the largest of which was about 6" in diameter but looked smaller, and the same transparent plastic cones, ribbed to enhance their piston movement.

But it wasn't the beautiful cabinets and unusual-looking drivers that seized, then held my attention. It was the sound. In a sea of speakers humming away in other rooms at that show, many of them apparently designed to sound polite and laid-back in the fashion then and still popular, the Viennas jumped out and grabbed me with their punchy, quick, even vivid sound. But they weren't just impressively dynamic; they *sang* to me. The audition was far too brief—though I've long forgotten most rooms at most audio shows, that one I remember.

But while I've been reviewing speakers longer than the company has been in business, never, until now, had I had the opportunity to live with a pair of Vienna Acoustics for an extended period. The planets were never quite in alignment, perhaps because by the mid-1990s I had become occupied with *Stereophile Guide to Home Theater*, and Vienna Acoustics didn't enjoy wide visibility in that part of the audio market. Much later, Steven Stone reviewed their Strauss surround-speaker package in *SGHT*, but I never heard the system. Currently, Vienna Acoustics offers the Maestro Grand center-channel model, an on-wall speaker in its Concert Grand series that's also suitable for surround use, and the Poetry, a center-channel for its upmarket Klimt line.

All of the final assembly for Vienna Acoustics speakers takes place near Vienna, but the cabinets are actually made in Italy. The company also designs its own drivers, and has them built to its specs elsewhere in Europe, by companies such as Scan-Speak and Eton. Driver design and speaker system design are very different skill sets, and while many speaker makers say that they design and sometimes even build their own drivers, that's often a bit of a stretch. But I can confirm that the woofer and midrange drivers in the Beethoven Baby Grand Symphony Edition (\$6000/pair) look like nothing I've seen elsewhere. I'm quite familiar with the stock catalog drivers made by companies such as SEAS, Scan-Speak, Vifa, Eton, and others—many are first-class products, and you might be surprised by the pedigrees of the companies that use them. But some manufacturers want something more exclusive, or have ideas of their own they want

implemented. Vienna Acoustics is clearly one of the latter. For example, the tweeter used in the Baby Grand is new with the Symphony Edition but is also used in some of VA's pricier designs. It looks generic, but the secret sauce of any driver is seldom revealed by looks alone.



Vienna Acoustics calls the unique, transparent material used in the Baby Grand's woofer and midrange cones X3P—it's a combination of the thermoplastic TPX and three polypropylene-based synthetics. The stiffening ribs in the woofer cones are clearly visible—Vienna Acoustics call this their Spider-Cone design, for obvious reasons. But the midrange driver omits the ribs. This must have been a deliberate design choice—the midrange in the earlier version of the Beethoven Baby Grand (the non-Symphony Edition)—*does* have the ribs. The speaker's crossover network employs first- and second-order filters at 150Hz and 2.3kHz.



The cabinets aren't all that large by the standards of \$6000/pair floorstanders, but they're solidly braced and beautifully made. Of the four available finishes, Piano White and Rosewood are extra-cost options. The review samples were in a Piano Black that would likely meet with Steinway's approval. The cabinet is narrow, but stabilized by outriggers fitted with spikes hefty enough to secure the rails on the first leg of California's planned high-speed train to nowhere (with apologies to Fresnoans and Bakersfieldians). They can be easily adjusted and locked from the top.

Around back are a single port and a single pair of binding posts; Vienna Acoustics is no fan of biwiring, but these are some of the best posts I've seen. They can accept banana plugs or spades, are well spaced and not recessed, and can be easily tightened with the fingers. Grilles are provided, but were not used in the review.

Room, Setup, Gear

I set up the Beethoven Baby Grands in my listening room, which is 27' long by 15.5' (at its widest) by 8' high. All of the windows are blocked with lightweight soundboard (Homasote, or something similar), installed to accommodate the video-projection chores I was doing for *SGHT* when I first set up shop here, in 2000. (*SGHT* was retitled *Stereophile Ultimate AV* in 2004, and was combined with *Home Theater* magazine in 2008; the latter morphed into the present *Sound & Vision* in 2013.) The soundboard does have some acoustic effects in addition to its primary purpose of blocking light for daytime video evaluations, and it's certainly more acoustically dead than the glass window itself, which occupies much of the long wall adjacent to the right speaker.

The setup I still employ was judged optimal when I acquired this room in 2000, and since then has changed only slightly—mostly with a wider loudspeaker spacing to accommodate a new, 96"-wide projection screen (retracted and out of the, um, picture for this review). The front speakers sit about 7' out from the short wall behind them, firing down the room's length. The left speaker is about 4' from the left wall, the right speaker about 3' from the right, and both are toed in toward the center listening seat. A carpet covers most of the oak floor, which is laid over a crawl space, not a concrete slab. With the carpet, the soundboard, and a few additional acoustic panels, the acoustics of the room are a bit better damped than a typical domestic room of this size. Shelves full of LPs, CDs, SACDs, DVDs, BDs, and even LDs (laserdiscs!) provide useful diffusion. The walls are lath and plaster, not drywall. A doorway to the kitchen opens to the left of the left speaker; two other doors are generally left closed during listening.

The Beethoven Baby Grand Symphony Editions arrived in two shipping boxes joined at the hip. Each box was little wider than the speaker inside and, by itself, very unstable. Unless the two boxes are lashed together, they can easily fall over in shipment. Both speakers bore the same serial number, which suggests that they were matched at the factory (though Vienna makes no such claim).

I drove the Viennas full-range with two-channel sources, at first using my resident [Integra DTC-9.8](#) surround-sound processor strictly as a 2.0-channel digital preamp, and later swapping it for a strictly analog [Jeff Rowland Design Group Consummate](#) preamplifier. The primary power amplifier was a Parasound Halo A 51—a five-channel amplifier, though for this review I used only two channels. The source was a Marantz UD7007 universal Blu-ray player connected to the Integra with a coaxial digital cable, or to the Consummate via analog interconnects.

Most of my listening was to CDs, but I also used the Marantz for SACDs (two-channel DSD tracks only), which were played only through the Consummate preamp and its two-channel analog link to the player.

Some manufacturers recommend breaking in their speakers for ungodly amounts of time. Others disdain the break-in concept, apart perhaps for a few minutes to allow the drivers' suspensions to loosen up. In my opinion, listening to music while speakers settle in is a questionable practice; it's just as likely that your ears are breaking in to the sound of the speakers than anything dramatic happening to the speakers themselves. Nevertheless, I followed my usual practice of playing pink noise at moderate levels through the Viennas for about 100 hours before doing any serious listening. (The speakers faced each other and were wired out-of-phase, to minimize the noise.) After that, it was time for music.

Listening

Though a precise comparison of the sounds of the Symphony Edition of the Beethoven Baby Grands and that Vienna Acoustics demo of a decade ago is of course impossible, my general reactions to both were very similar. "Wow, do these speakers do detail," reads p.1 of my listening notes. I heard subtleties I'd missed before. But while it would be appropriate to call these speakers a bit bright—"open and airy" might be more accurate—in no way did they sound hard. In fact, if anything, they sounded slightly forgiving in the mid-treble or "brightness" region.



Male voices—such as Aaron Neville's on his *Warm Your Heart* (CD, A&M 397 148-2) and Michael Jonasz's on his *La Fabuleuse Histoire de Mister Swing* (CD, WEA 22924)—sounded clean and neutral, with no clearly recognizable coloration. The unique textures of these singers' voices were clearly reproduced. Sibilants were audible, but in a way that close miking might have produced, and were neither unnaturally sibilant nor sizzly. The soundstage was also impressive, with the singers tightly locked in to the center. The latter, however, was no surprise; it's more common than not in my room, likely the result of speaker placement well clear of adjoining walls, particularly the wall behind the speakers. The downside of such positioning is that the bass was a bit subdued, as was evident with the usually bass-heavy Jonasz album. But it wasn't lean, and listeners unfamiliar with this recording might not be aware that anything was missing.

Overall, the bass seemed more subdued than smash-mouthed, but I never found it lacking. Some basic measurements showed it to be reasonably strong down to 40Hz, but largely gasping for air at 30Hz—not surprising from a relatively small floorstander. For bass testing I often pull out a compilation CD-R given me some years ago by a manufacturer at a CES. The sources of the tracks aren't well specified, so I can't give you precise references, but they run the gamut from pipe organ to synth to bass drum. Yes, I've heard far more room-shaking bass in my relatively large listening room than the Viennas offered, though usually from either a much larger speaker or a subwoofer. But even with the bass-heavy selections on this and other discs, I rarely missed that bottom octave. The Baby Grands responded rapidly to leading-edge transients, and since the "quickness" of a drumstroke is defined primarily by its higher overtones, drum recordings of all types, from timpani to Kodo drums, often made me sit up and take notice. While the very bottom end lacked the range to get that deep-down, low-frequency, reverberant hall sound, with less transient-loaded bass information it was nevertheless very satisfying, and never thin or anemic.

Even with pipe organ, the Viennas had enough bass power to provide a realistic feel, though organ fans may want to look further to get that count-the-cycles feeling that only much larger speakers can provide. I've only once experienced the deepest bass in John Rutter's *Requiem*, as performed by Timothy Seelig and the Turtle Creek Chorale (CD, Reference RR-57CD): in a show demo that included an 18" Revel Ultima subwoofer. The Viennas couldn't do that, but, again, most listeners won't think anything is missing. The VAs' bass provided a generous, warm undertone for the singers, which the speakers also reproduced with excellent depth and dimensionality.

I did find the Vienna's bass to be a little soft and furry with some recordings, and more so with such transient-limited material as pipe organ or bass synth than more percussive bass

instruments—but that's been true of most speakers in my room. I've said it before, and it's worth repeating: A reviewer can tell you only how a speaker will perform in the bass in his or her room—never in your room.

Other recordings continued to impress me. Solo-piano recordings, such as Minoru Nojima's *Nojima Plays Liszt* (CD, Reference RR-25CD), sounded well balanced on the bottom end and clean and clear through the middle. My only reservation was that some of the very highest keys sounded too prominent. Percussion recordings were exceptionally, often shockingly well defined. Yes, cymbals could sound hard and metallic through the Beethovens, but if you've never sat within 20' of an orchestra's percussion section, as I once did, don't tell *me* that orchestral cymbals should sound sweet. If they're close-miked, they certainly don't.

Female and male voices and solo instruments, in addition to being uncolored, often sounded surprisingly immediate, but without turning edgy or in my face. The Viennas seemed to love this sort of music most of all; many of the more memorable moments I had with them were with just such recordings.

To check how the speakers responded with a different front end, I later replaced the Integra pre-pro with my classic but still pristine Jeff Rowland Consummate preamp, connecting the latter to the two-channel analog outputs of the Marantz player. The amp was still the Parasound Halo A 51, and this time the sources were both CDs and SACDs.

The top end of the system was now sweeter—not surprising, as that's part of the Rowland's signature sound. So while there was a little less air and sparkle than before, with leading transient edges *slightly* softened, all of my other observations remained the same. Imaging was precise, bass clean and perhaps a bit warmer than with the Integra, and voices and instruments just a bit forward (though a little less than before). The SACDs I played also sounded impressive—none more so than Opus 3's Showcase sampler (SACD/CD, Opus 3 SACD 21000), one of the best-sounding SACDs I've heard. I'm still wrapping my head around high-resolution recordings—in my opinion, they matter only if the original recording is pristine, and this one certainly is. The Viennas handled all of it beautifully.

Conclusion

Despite its tongue twister of a name, I thoroughly enjoyed my time with the Vienna Acoustics Beethoven Baby Grand Symphony Edition. Yes, \$6000/pair is a little pricey for its size in today's market, but not outrageously so, given the speaker's first-class European labor and workmanship. That aside, its lively but always natural-sounding balance kept me listening to recordings long after I'd planned to move on to others. The Beethoven Baby Grand's up-front but not overripe nature may not suit everyone, but for some, it will certainly be love at first listen.

Description: Three-way, floorstanding, bass-reflex loudspeaker. Drive-units: 1.1" hand-coated, silk-dome tweeter; 6" X3P midrange; two 6" X3P Spider-Cone woofers. Bass function: impulse-optimizing QB3 (Quasi-Butterworth). Crossover frequencies: 150Hz, 2.3kHz. Crossover: three-way, 6dB and 12dB Bessel. Frequency range: 30Hz–22kHz. Sensitivity: 91dB. Impedance: 4 ohms. Recommended amplification: 40–250W.

Dimensions: 39.6" (1016mm) H by 8.4" (216mm) W by 14.6" (375mm) D. Weight: 61 lbs (27.75kg) each.

Finishes: Piano Black, Cherry; for Piano White, Rosewood, add \$500/pair.

Serial number of units reviewed: 32321.

Price: \$6000/pair. Approximate number of dealers: 90.

Manufacturer: V.A. Lautsprechermanufactur GmbH, Boschanstrasse 3, 2484 Weigelsdorf, Austria. Tel: (43) (1)88-96-815. Fax: (43) (1)88-96-599. Web: www.vienna-acoustics.com. US distributor: VANA Ltd., 778 Third Street, Unit C, Mukilteo, WA 98275. Tel. (425) 610-4532. Fax: (425) 645-7985. Web: www.vanaltd.com.